

NEWS RELEASE



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WESTERN INFORMATION OFFICE: San Francisco, Calif.

Technical information: (415) 625-2270 • BLSinfoSF@bls.gov • www.bls.gov/regions/west/

Media contact: (415) 625-2270 •

Occupational Employment and Wages in San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, May 2014

Workers in the San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara Metropolitan Statistical Area had an average (mean) hourly wage of \$36.43 in May 2014, about 60 percent above the nationwide average of \$22.71, according to the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Regional Commissioner Richard J. Holden noted that, after testing for statistical significance, wages in the local area were higher than their respective national averages in 20 of the 22 major occupational groups, including management; legal; and computer and mathematical. No other group had an hourly wage significantly lower than its respective national average.

When compared to the nationwide distribution, local employment was more highly concentrated in 6 of the 22 occupational groups, including computer and mathematical; architecture and engineering; and management. Conversely, 14 groups had employment shares significantly below their national representation, including transportation and material moving; office and administrative support; and healthcare practitioners and technical. (See <u>table A</u> and <u>box note</u> at end of release.)

Table A. Occupational employment and wages by major occupational group, United States and the San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara Metropolitan Statistical Area, and measures of statistical significance, May 2014

	Percent of total	al employment	Mean hourly wage		
Major occupational group	United States	San Jose	United States	San Jose	Percent difference (1)
Total, all occupations	100.0%	100.0%	\$22.71	\$36.43*	60
Management	5.0	8.5*	54.08	76.96*	42
Business and financial operations	5.1	7.1*	34.81	45.69*	31
Computer and mathematical	2.8	11.6*	40.37	59.57*	48
Architecture and engineering	1.8	5.7*	39.19	53.78*	37
Life, physical, and social science	0.8	1.1*	33.69	40.77*	21
Community and social services	1.4	1.1*	21.79	28.07*	29
Legal	0.8	1.0*	48.61	68.29*	40
Education, training, and library	6.2	5.6*	25.10	29.91*	19
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media	1.3	1.3	26.82	34.11*	27
Healthcare practitioner and technical	5.8	4.1*	36.54	53.01*	45
Healthcare support	2.9	1.7*	13.86	18.85*	36
Protective service.	2.4	1.8*	21.14	24.41	15
Food preparation and serving related	9.1	7.8*	10.57	11.91*	13
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance	3.2	2.8*	12.68	15.03*	19
Personal care and service	3.1	2.2*	12.01	13.71*	14
Sales and related	10.5	9.1*	18.59	25.49*	37
Office and administrative support	16.0	12.8*	17.08	22.78*	33

Table A. Occupational employment and wages by major occupational group, United States and the San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara Metropolitan Statistical Area, and measures of statistical significance, May 2014 - Continued

	Percent of total employment		Mean hourly wage		
Major occupational group	United States	San Jose	United States	San Jose	Percent difference (1)
Farming, fishing, and forestry	0.3	0.2	12.09	11.48	-5
Construction and extraction	3.9	3.1*	22.40	29.40*	31
Installation, maintenance, and repair	3.9	2.4*	21.74	26.50*	22
Production	6.6	5.2*	17.06	19.27*	13
Transportation and material moving	6.8	3.6*	16.57	17.65*	7

⁽¹⁾ A positive percent difference measures how much the mean wage in San Jose is above the national mean wage, while a negative difference reflects a lower wage.

One occupational group—computer and mathematical—was chosen to illustrate the diversity of data available for any of the 22 major occupational categories. San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara had 113,340 jobs in computer and mathematical, accounting for 11.6 percent of local area employment, significantly higher than the 2.8-percent share nationally. The average hourly wage for this occupational group locally was \$59.57, significantly above the national wage of \$40.37.

Some of the largest detailed occupations within the computer and mathematical group included applications software developers (33,990), systems software developers (27,080), and computer systems analysts (12,190). Among the higher paying jobs were statisticians and applications software developers, with mean hourly wages of \$72.30 and \$68.45, respectively. At the lower end of the wage scale were computer user support specialists (\$36.30) and computer network support specialists (\$44.83). (Detailed occupational data for computer and mathematical are presented in <u>table 1</u>; for a complete listing of detailed occupations available go to www.bls.gov/oes/2014/may/oes 41940.htm.)

Location quotients allow us to explore the occupational make-up of a metropolitan area by comparing the composition of jobs in an area relative to the national average. (See <u>table 1</u>.) For example, a location quotient of 2.0 indicates that an occupation accounts for twice the share of employment in the area than it does nationally. In the San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara Metropolitan Statistical Area, above-average concentrations of employment were found in nearly all of the occupations within the computer and mathematical group. For instance, systems software developers were employed at 9.8 times the national rate in San Jose, and applications software developers, at 6.9 times the U.S. average.

These statistics are from the Occupational Employment Statistics (OES) survey, a federal-state cooperative program between BLS and State Workforce Agencies, in this case, the California Employment Development Department.

^{*} The percent share of employment or mean hourly wage for this area is significantly different from the national average of all areas at the 90-percent confidence level.

Note

A value that is statistically different from another does not necessarily mean that the difference has economic or practical significance. Statistical significance is concerned with the ability to make confident statements about a universe based on a sample. It is entirely possible that a large difference between two values is not significantly different statistically, while a small difference is, since both the size and heterogeneity of the sample affect the relative error of the data being tested.

Technical Note

The Occupational Employment Statistics (OES) survey is a semiannual mail survey measuring occupational employment and wage rates for wage and salary workers in nonfarm establishments in the United States. Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands are also surveyed, but their data are not included in the national estimates. OES estimates are constructed from a sample of about 1.2 million establishments. Forms are mailed to approximately 200,000 sampled establishments in May and November each year. May 2014 estimates are based on responses from six semiannual panels collected over a 3-year period: May 2014, November 2013, May 2013, November 2012, May 2012, and November 2011. The overall national response rate for the six panels is 74.3 percent based on establishments and 70.5 percent based on weighted sampled employment. The unweighted employment of sampled establishments across all six semiannual panels represents approximately 57.1 percent of total national employment. (Response rates are slightly lower for these estimates due to the federal shutdown in October 2013.) The sample in the San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara Metropolitan Statistical Area included 4,929 establishments with a response rate of 64 percent. For more information about OES concepts and methodology, go to www.bls.gov/news.release/ocwage.tn.htm.

The OES survey provides estimates of employment and hourly and annual wages for wage and salary workers in 22 major occupational groups and 821 detailed occupations for the nation, states, metropolitan statistical areas, metropolitan divisions, and nonmetropolitan areas. In addition, employment and wage estimates for 94 minor groups and 458 broad occupations are available in the national data. OES data by state and metropolitan/nonmetropolitan area are available from www.bls.gov/oes/current/oessrcst.htm and www.bls.gov/oes/current/oessrcma.htm, respectively.

The May 2014 OES estimates are based on the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system and the 2012 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). Information about the 2010 SOC is available on the BLS website at www.bls.gov/soc and information about the 2012 NAICS is available at www.bls.gov/bls/naics.htm.

Area definitions

The substate area data published in this release reflect the standards and definitions established by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget.

The San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, Calif. Metropolitan Statistical Area includes San Benito and Santa Clara Counties.

Additional information

OES data are available on our regional web page at www.bls.gov/regions/west. Answers to frequently asked questions about the OES data are available at www.bls.gov/oes/oes_ques.htm. Detailed technical information about the OES survey is available in our Survey Methods and Reliability Statement on the BLS website at www.bls.gov/oes/2014/may/methods statement.pdf.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request . Voice phone: 202-691-5200; Federal Relay Service: 800-877-8339.

Table 1. Employment and wage data from the Occupational Employment Statistics survey, by occupation, San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara Metropolitan Statistical Area, May 2014

	Emplo	yment	Mean wages	
Occupation (1)	Level (2)	Location quotient ⁽³⁾	Hourly	Annual ⁽⁴⁾
Computer and Mathematical Occupations	113,340	4.1	\$59.57	\$123,910
Computer and Information Research Scientists	2,050	11.8	67.15	139,670
Computer Systems Analysts	12,190	3.2	52.16	108,500
Information Security Analysts	1,080	1.9	54.57	113,510
Computer Programmers	6,780	3.1	45.20	94,020
Software Developers, Applications	33,990	6.9	68.45	142,370
Software Developers, Systems Software	27,080	9.8	66.54	138,410
Web Developers	2,590	3.0	51.24	106,580
Database Administrators	1,260	1.6	49.11	102,160
Network and Computer Systems Administrators	5,680	2.2	48.13	100,100
Computer Network Architects	2,780	2.8	66.13	137,550
Computer User Support Specialists	7,350	1.8	36.30	75,490
Computer Network Support Specialists	3,340	2.7	44.83	93,250
Computer Occupations, All Other	4,000	2.6	57.13	118,830
Operations Research Analysts	2,740	4.4	57.47	119,530
Statisticians	(5)	(5)	72.30	150,390

⁽¹⁾ For a complete listing of all detailed occupations in San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, CA, see www.bls.gov/oes/current/oes_41940.htm

⁽²⁾ Estimates for detailed occupations do not sum to the totals because the totals include occupations not shown separately. Estimates do not include self-employed workers.

⁽³⁾ The location quotient is the ratio of the area concentration of occupational employment to the national average concentration. A location quotient greater than one indicates the occupation has a higher share of employment than average, and a location quotient less than one indicates the occupation is less prevalent in the area than average.

⁽⁴⁾ Annual wages have been calculated by multiplying the hourly mean wage by a 'year-round, full-time' hours figure of 2,080 hours; for those occupations where there is not an hourly mean wage published, the annual wage has been directly calculated from the reported survey data.

⁽⁵⁾ Estimate not released.